The relation between Islam and Science has largely deteriorated since the golden era of the Islamic Civilization in the 10th to 14th Centuries. Lately, the Muslim world has not contributed much to the development of science, though the reasons for this are complex. Muslim culture has adopted a skeptical stand with respect to modern science in general, viewing it as a largely materialistic-atheistic approach to the world, and particularly to some of science’s most fundamental theories, such as biological and human evolution. Today it is important to construct a more harmonious relationship between religion and science, one that does not need to be atheistic or sacred.